

Documentation

for modern languages

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Keeping pace

- Rushing ahead:
 - languages
- Trying to catch up:
 - tools
- Left behind:
 - documentation, practices

Javadoc paradigm

- Java, Objective-C, Smalltalk...
- For simple object languages:
 - class based
 - only locally defined members

In the 21st century

- Beyond object oriented (Python, Java 5...)
- Scala:
 - object and functional
 - rich type system
 - big deal in industry

- ✓ Mismatching code and documentation
- 2. Two instances of the problem (in Scala)
- 3. One solution (in Scaladoc)
- 4. Experimental assessment
- 5. Calling language developers to prudence

Multiple inheritance

- Compositional programming
- But “List” has 24 parent classes:
 - finding a member is tricky

Type instantiation

- Inheritance changes signature types

```
class A[T] { def m(x:T): List[T] }  
class B extends A[Int]
```
- Brain is wrong tool for type instantiation

Code base	Inherited methods	Changed signatures
Scala std. library	69%	33%
Scala compiler	53%	22%
Google data API	70%	24%
Java utilities	37%	8%
Google collections	23%	5%

Two birds, one stone

- Inherited and local members
- Instantiated types

Demo

Study

- 60 people in 30 min. online study
- Inter-subject with independent variable:

alphabetic members
instantiated types

members by parent
instantiated types

×

members by parent
declaration types

- Coding and comprehension task

- *Complete the following method:*

```
def printAllEvents(  
    theFeed: CalendarEventFeed  
) = ...
```

- Dependent variables:

- response results & time

- satisfaction

Data

- Satisfaction:
 - instantiated types increase 70% to 92%
 - member ordering has no effect ($p=0.45$)
- Comments confirm quantitative data
- No difference in result & time
 - except for simplest “what is type” task

Results

- For small programming tasks:
 - document with instantiated types
 - no recommendation for ordering
- Satisfaction but no impact on performance

Usability accounting

- Abstract types:
 - are widely used in real life APIs
 - are not documented well
- And implicits, annotations...
- Languages improve, not documentation

Can a good language feature become counter-productive because it hurts documentation?