
Data Structures and Algorithms

XMUT-COMP 103 - 2024 T1

Tree Traversal and Graphs

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Tree Traversal Patterns

- General pattern for recursive depth-first traversing General Trees:

to traverseDF(node):

process node

foreach child of node

traverseDF (child)

Need to modify to:

- stop early
- return values
- use the depth

...

- General pattern for iterative traversing General Trees:

to traverseBF(node)

put node on queue

while (queue is not empty)

dequeue node from queue

process node

foreach child of node

put child on queue

to traverseDF(node)

put node on stack

while (stack is not empty)

pop node from stack

process node

foreach child of node

push child on stack

Tree Traversal Patterns

- General pattern for recursive depth-first traversing General Trees: passing depth and other information **down** the tree.

to traverseDF(node)

traverseDF(node, 0, info)

Entry method
Sets up the recursion

to traverseDF(node, depth, info):

process node at depth with info

for each child of node

traverseDF (child, depth+1, addto(info))

Helper method
Does the recursion

Note: The info might be a collection object that is passed through all the recursion and values get added to it.

Tree Traversal Patterns

- General pattern for recursive depth-first traversing General Trees: passing information back up the tree.

to traverseDF(node):

 ans = process node

 foreach child of node

 childAns = traverseDF (child)

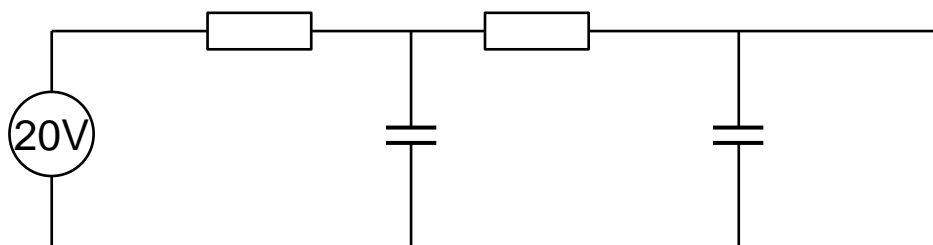
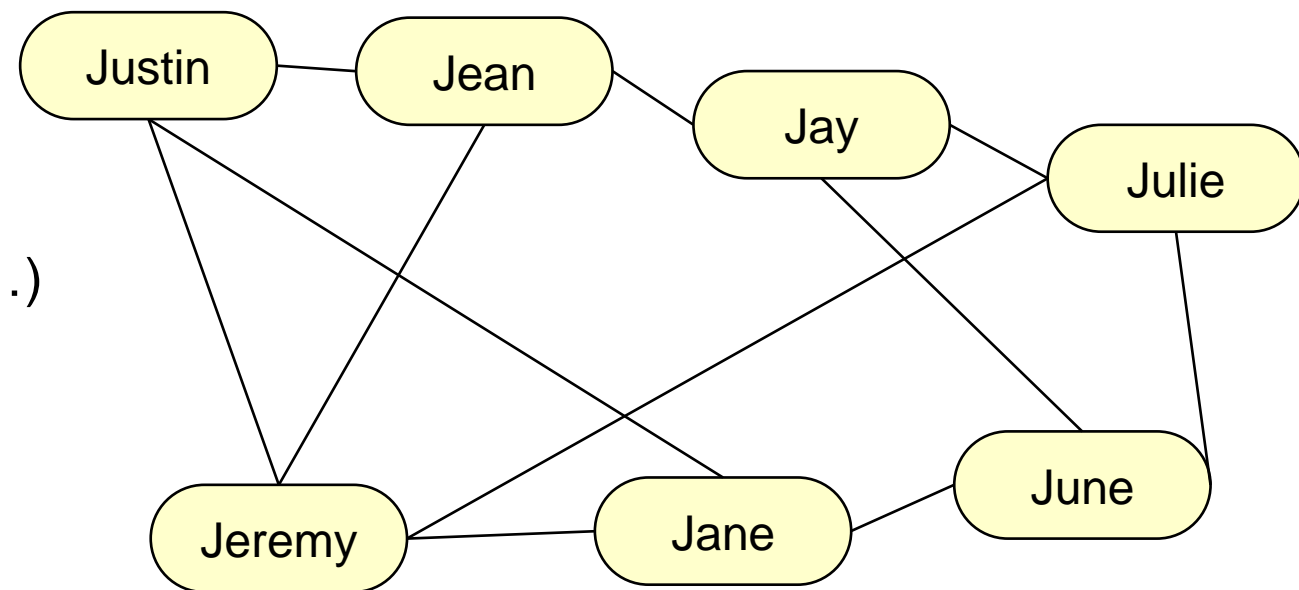
 combine childAns into ans

 return ans

Graph/Network Structured Data

- Examples:

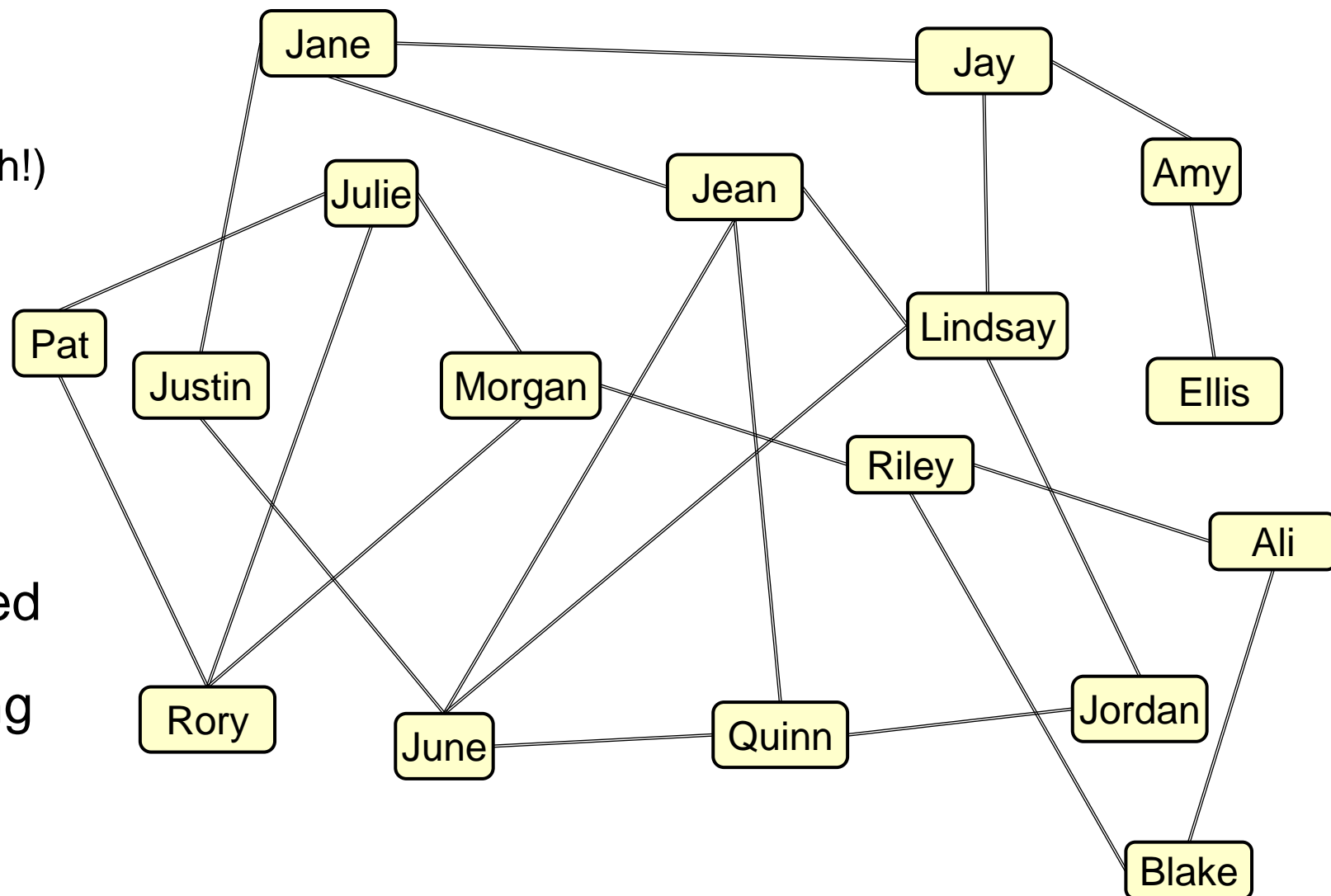
- social networks
- circuit diagrams
- network structures (communication, airline,...)
- road maps,
- database structure diagrams
- ... whenever there are relationships between data items.



- Nodes and links, (or vertices and edges, if you are a mathematician)

Graphs

- Graphs are like trees:
Nodes and Links (edges)
(Trees are a special kind of graph!)
- Nodes have neighbours
rather than children
- Graphs don't have a "root"
(typically)
- Graphs may not be connected
- Can traverse a graph, starting
at node, but
- **Graphs have cycles!**
- Lots of varieties of graphs – this one is the simplest.



Graph Nodes.

```
public class SNPerson implements Iterable<SNPerson>{
    private String name;
    private Set<SNPerson> friends;

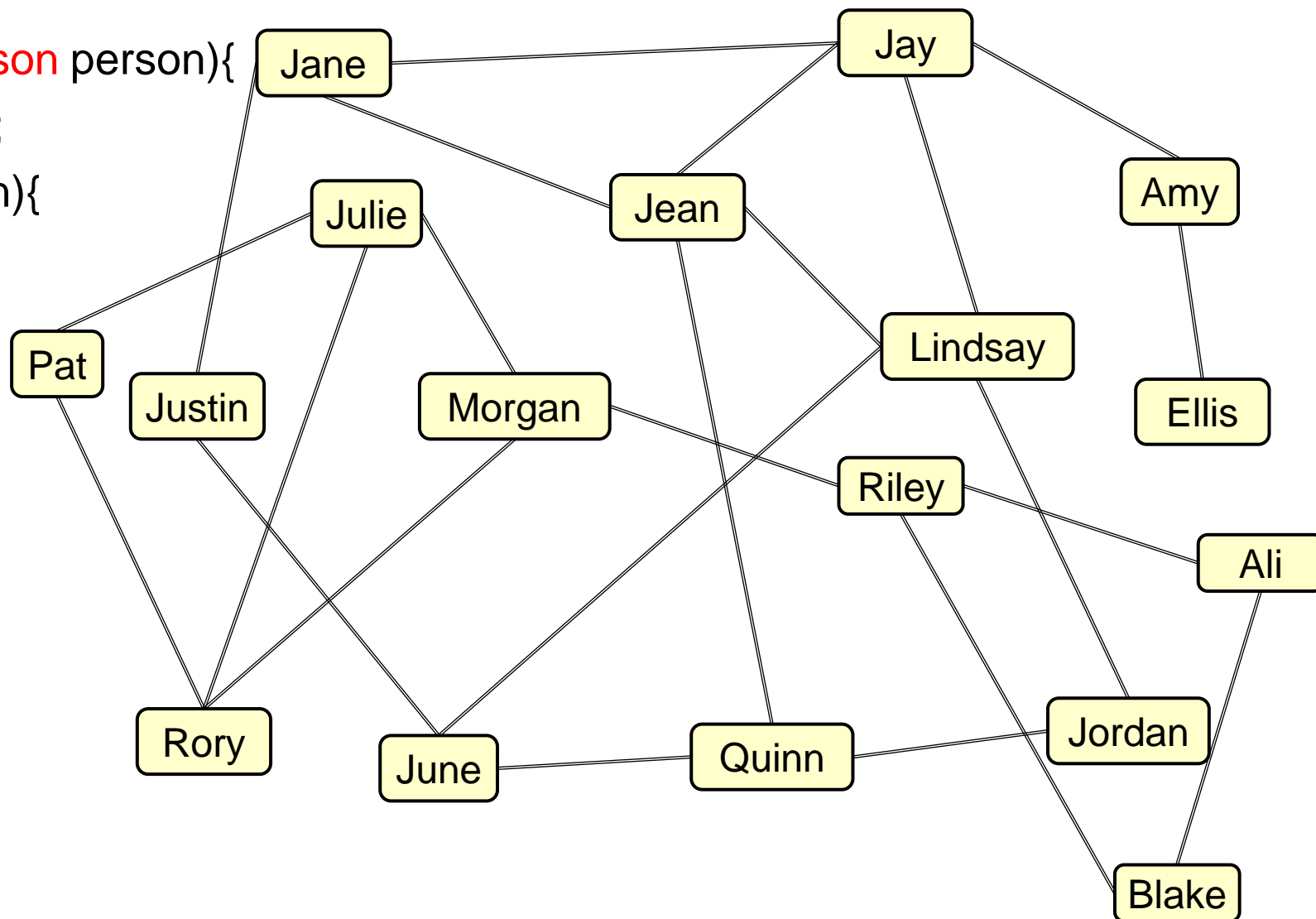
    public SNPerson(String nm){
        this.name = nm;
        this.friends = new HashSet<SNPerson>();
    }

    public String getName() { return name; }
    public void addFriend(SNPerson fr) {friends.add(fr); }
    public void removeFriend(SNPerson fr) {friends.remove(fr); }
    public boolean hasFriend(SNPerson fr) { return friends.contains(fr); }
    public Iterator<SNPerson> iterator() { return friends.iterator(); }
```

Traversing Graphs

```
/** Print all people in network of a Person (Buggy) */
```

```
public void printNetwork(SNPerson person){
    UI.println(person.getName());
    for (SNPerson friend : person){
        printNetwork(friend);
    }
}
```



Doesn't Work!!!!

The cycles mean we go round forever

Traversing Graphs: marking nodes

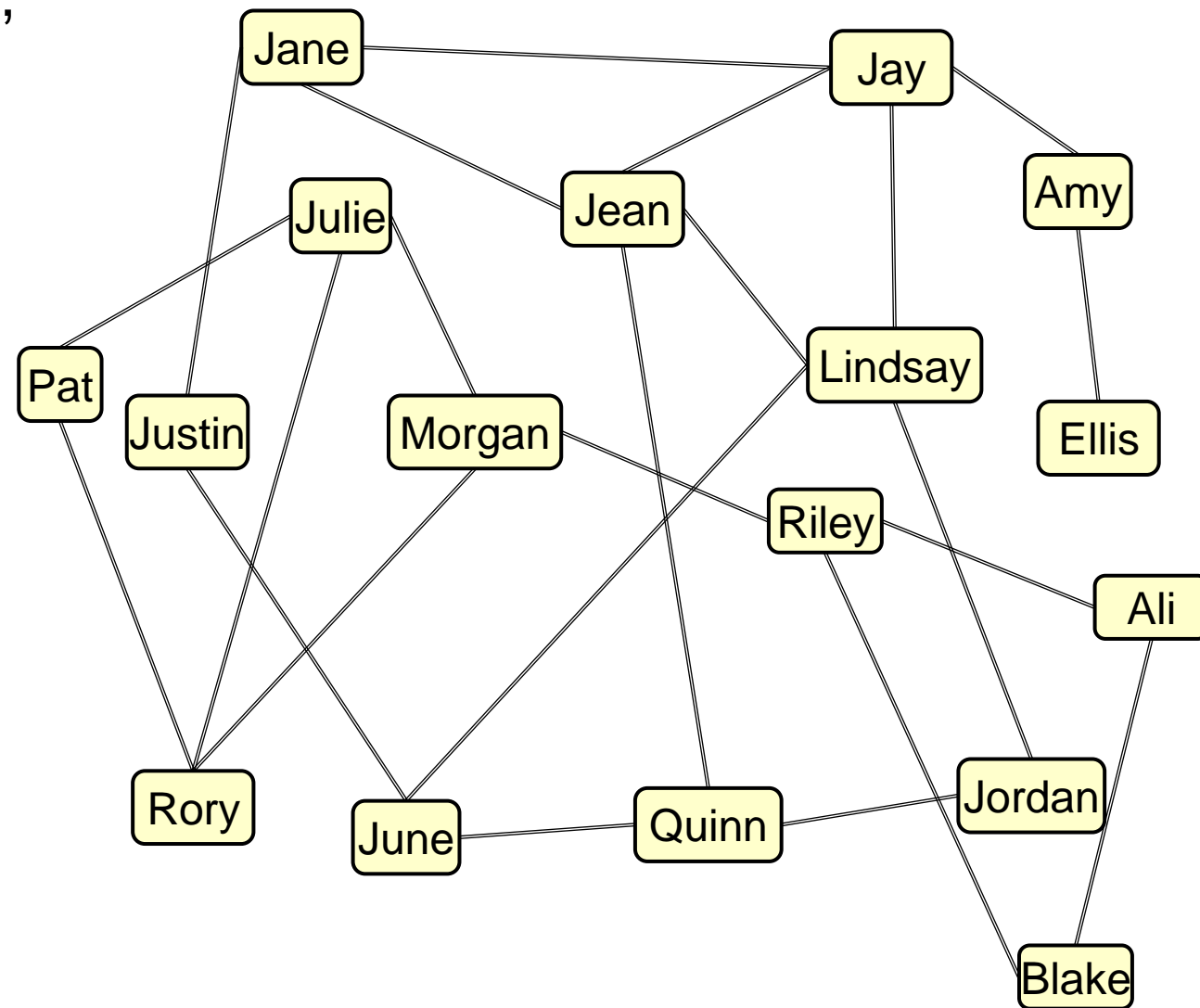
Need to mark the nodes we have visited, and not re-visit them

```
/** Print all people in network of a Person */
```

```
public void printNetwork(SNPerson person){
    UI.println(person.getName());
    // mark person as visited
    for (SNPerson friend : person){
        // if the friend is not visited, then
        printNetwork(friend);
    }
}
```

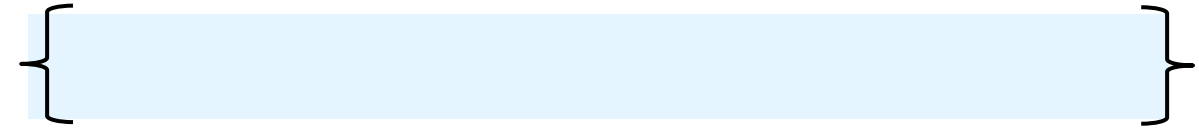
How do we mark nodes?

- Keep a Set of nodes we have visited, or
- Store a visited flag in the node



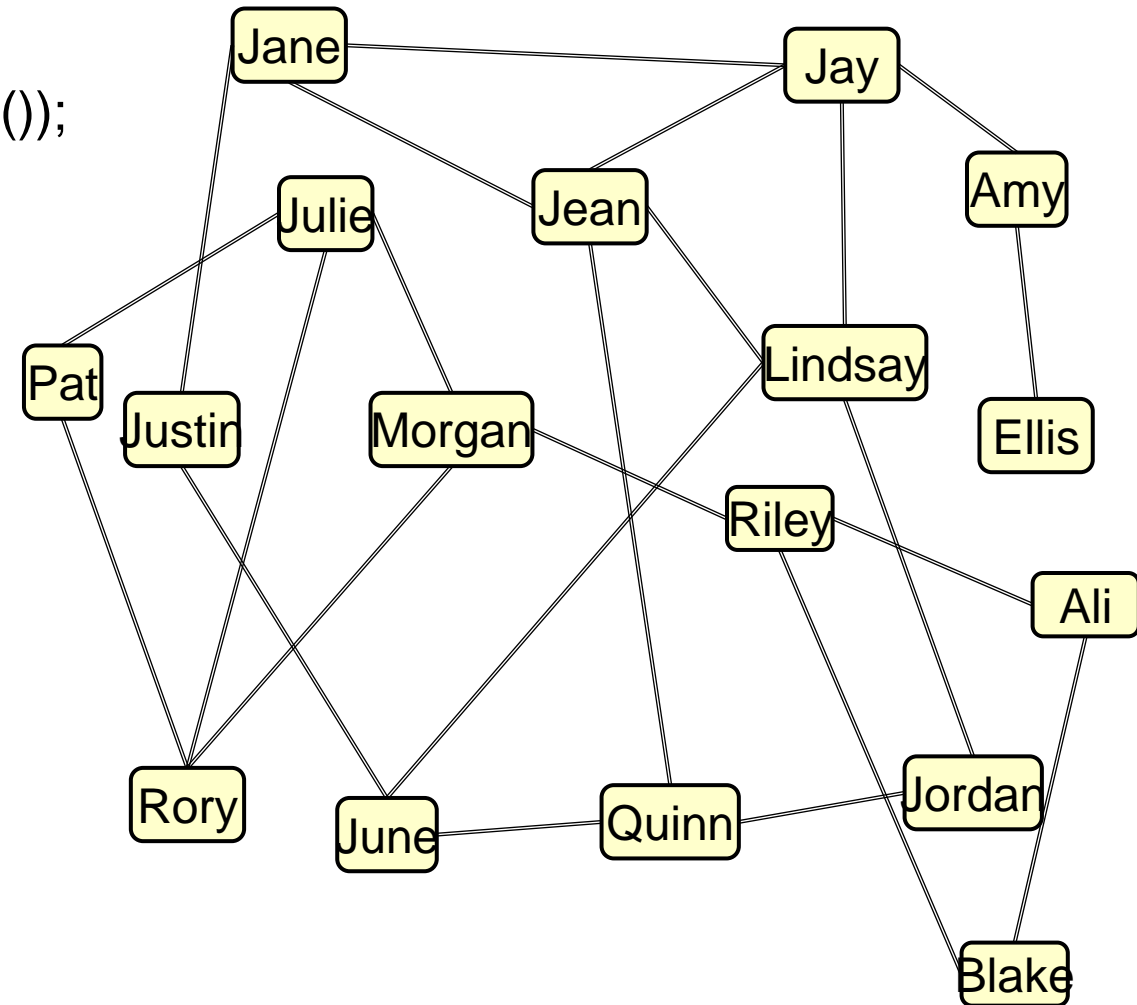
Traversing Graphs: Set of visited nodes

Keep Set of nodes we have visited



```
public void printNetwork(SNPerson person){
    printNetwork(person, new HashSet<SNPerson>());
}
```

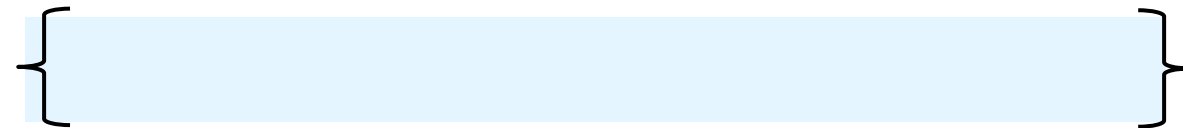
```
public void printNetwork(SNPerson person,
    Set<SNPerson> visited){
    UI.println(person.getName());
    visited.add(person);
    for (SNPerson friend : person){
        if (! visited.contains(friend) ){
            printNetwork(friend, visited);
        }
    }
}
```



Still doesn't work if the graph is not connected!!

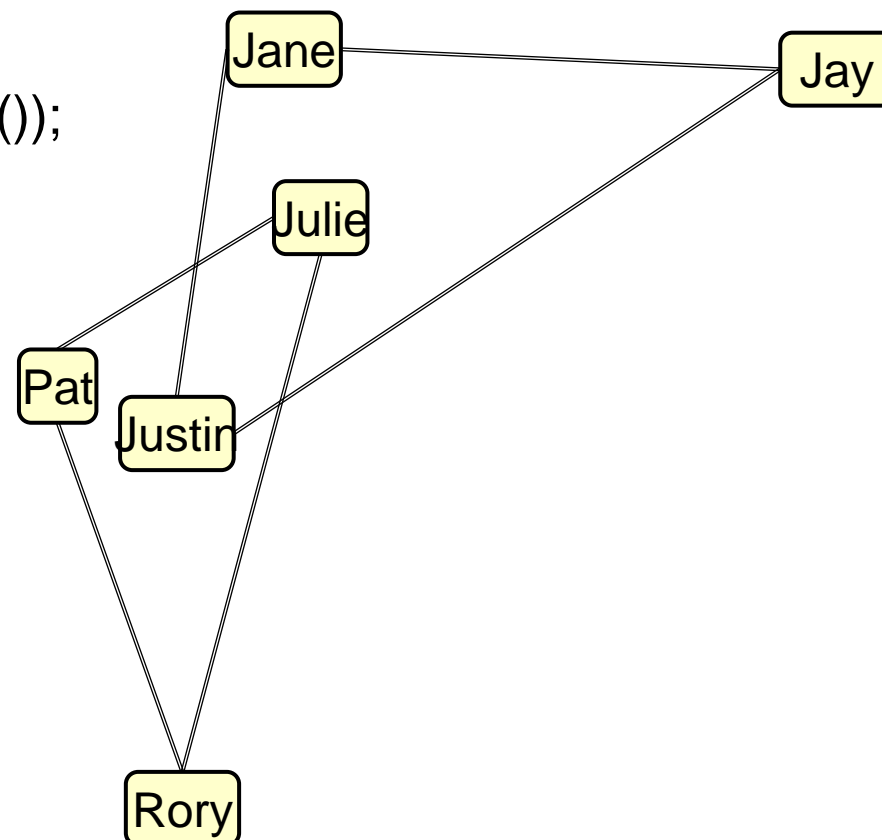
Set of visited nodes

Keep Set of nodes we have visited



```
public void printNetwork(SNPerson person){
    printNetwork(person, new HashSet<SNPerson>());
}
```

```
public void printNetwork(SNPerson person,
                        Set<SNPerson> visited){
    UI.println(person.getName());
    visited.add(person);
    for (SNPerson friend : person){
        if (! visited.contains(friend) ){
            printNetwork(friend, visited);
        }
    }
}
```



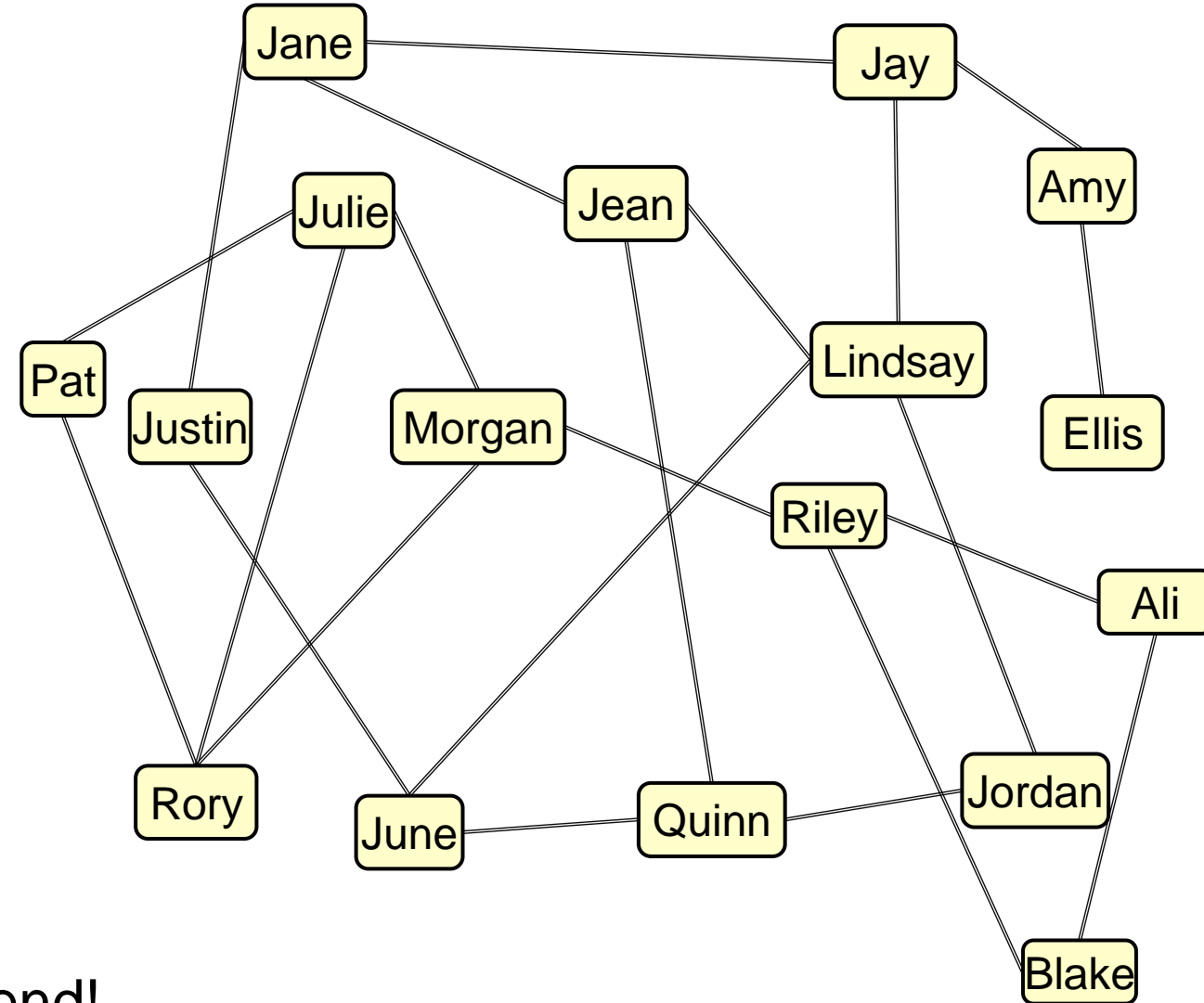
Still doesn't work if the graph is not connected!!

Traversing Graphs: visited flag inside node

Visited flag inside the node:

```
/** Print all people in network of a Person */
```

```
public void printNetwork(SNPerson person){
    UI.println(person.getName());
    person.visit();
    for (SNPerson friend : person){
        if ( ! friend.isVisited()){
            printNetwork(friend);
        }
    }
}
```



Need to reset all the visited flags at the end!

Graph Nodes (with visited flag)

```
public class SNPerson implements Iterable<SNPerson>{
    private String name;
    private Set<SNPerson> friends;
    private boolean visited;

    public SNPerson(String nm){
        this.name = nm;
        this.friends = new HashSet<SNPerson>();
    }
    public String getName() { return name; }
    public void addFriend(SNPerson fr) { friends.add(fr); }
    public void removeFriend(SNPerson fr) { friends.remove(fr); }
    public boolean hasFriend(SNPerson fr) { return friends.contains(fr); }
    public Iterator<SNPerson> iterator() { return friends.iterator(); }

    public void visit() {visited=true; }
    public void unvisit() {visited=false; }
    public boolean isVisited() {return visited; }
```